

**University of Siegen**



**ECTS Brochure for the International Graduate Studies in  
Mechatronics**



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## Embedded Control

### Lecturer:

Dr.-Ing. Ralf Gödde

### Learning objectives:

- Purposes of the course are to
  - become acquainted with application fields of embedded control systems
  - understand working methods to develop embedded control systems
  - get to know motivations of Rapid Control Prototyping (RCP), hardware-in-the-loop (HIL) and Calibration
  - work with state-of-the-art development tools for real-time simulation and rapid control prototyping (as MATLAB/Simulink and the dSPACE Prototyper)
- provide enough background knowledge (numerical mathematics, operating systems, system theory) to even understand the functionality of these development tools.
- finally bridge the gap from theory to practical implementing by performing a practical experiment in the lab.

### Contents:

#### Lectures:

- 1) What are embedded control systems
- 2) Concepts of creating and applying embedded control systems
- 3) Basic components of embedded control systems
  - 3.1) Hardware Aspects: Microcontrollers, I/O components, distributed systems, field busses,...
  - 3.2) Software Aspects: real-time operating systems, events and determinism, scheduling policies...
- 4) Numerical Simulations: mathematical descriptions of dynamic systems, numerical data formats, numerical errors, solving differential equations,...
- 5) Real-Time Simulations: Running numerical calculations in real-time; coordinating real-time OS, Input-Output components and numerical calculations
- 6) Using state-of-the-art-tools for embedded controller development: dSPACE Prototyper and MATLAB/Simulink

#### Tutorial/Labs:

The tutorial accompanies the lectures and will teach you to use the quasi-standard simulation environment MATLAB/Simulink of The MathWorks. You will have to solve small exercises and the results have to be presented in the group. The course finishes with a real world experiment where a controller has to be designed for a classical inverse pendulum using a dSPACE RCP environment.

### Examination:

The written examination has a duration of 2 hours. No aids are allowed (except of a pen and a pocket calculator).

### Recommended Literature:

Some sheets will be handed out.

For operating systems the following book is used: Stallings, W.: Operating Systems (Internals and Design Principles).

But it is not necessary to own/purchase this book!

## Electrical and Electronical Engineering

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Bernhard Bundschuh

### Learning objectives:

The course is provided for students who previously studied Mechanical Engineering. During the course the students learn fundamentals of Electrical and Electronic Engineering. This knowledge is required for understanding advanced topics in higher semester courses.

The topic of the first part of the course is basic circuit theory including various methods for circuit analysis. In the second part of the course this base knowledge is applied to analyze analog electronic circuits. The third part of the course covers digital electronics focusing on methods for the synthesis of combinatorial and sequential circuits. In the final part of the course some fundamentals on electromagnetic fields are taught. They provide base knowledge for understanding electrical machines and other electromagnetic systems.

Various exercises are provided in each part of the course. These exercises should be solved at home. The solutions are discussed during the class hours.

### Contents:

#### **Basic Circuit Theory**

Energy and Charge

Current and Kirchhoff's Current Law

Voltage and Kirchhoff's Voltage Law

Energy Flow in Electrical Circuits

Circuit Elements: Resistances and Sources

Series and Parallel Resistances: Voltage and Current Dividers

#### **The Analysis of DC Circuits**

Superposition

Thevenin's and Norton's Equivalent Circuits

Source Transformations

Node-Voltage Analysis

Loop-Current Analysis,

#### **The Dynamics of Circuits**

Theory of Inductors and Capacitors

First-Order Transient Response of RL and RC-Circuits

RLC Circuits

#### **The Analysis of AC Circuits**

Introduction to Alternating Current (AC)

AC Circuit Problem

Representing Sinusoids with Phasors,

Impedance: Representing the Circuit in the Frequency Domain

Phasor Diagrams for RL, RC, and RLC-Circuits

### **Power in AC Circuits**

AC Power and Energy in the Time-Domain  
Power and Energy in the Frequency Domain  
Transformers

### **Semiconductor Diodes**

Circuit Analysis for an Ideal Diode  
The pn-Junction Diode  
Equivalent Circuits for Nonideal Diodes

### **Semiconductor Transistors**

Bipolar-Junction-Transistor (BJT)  
Junction Field-Effect Transistors  
Metal-Oxide Semiconductor Field-Effect-Transistors (MOSFETs)

### **Semiconductor Circuits**

Transistor Amplifier-Switch Circuit Analysis  
Transistor Applications  
Small-Signal Amplifiers

### **Analog Electronics**

Electrical Filters  
Feedback Concepts  
Transistor Circuits  
Operational-Amplifier Circuits  
Basic Op-Amp Amplifiers  
Linear Op-Amp Circuits  
Nonlinear Op-Amp Circuits  
Instrumentation Amplifiers  
Analog Active Filters

### **Digital Electronics**

Digital Information  
The Electronics of Digital Signals  
The Mathematics of Digital Electronics (Boolean Algebra)

### **Combinational Digital Systems**

Binary Arithmetic  
Digital Arithmetic Circuits  
Karnaugh Maps

### **Sequential Digital Systems**

Bistable Circuit  
Latches and Flip-Flops  
Flip-Flop Applications

## **Electromagnetic Fields**

Electric Forces and Electric Fields

Magnetic Forces and Magnetic Fields

Electrodynamics

### Examinations:

There is a two hour written examination. During this time the students must solve a certain number (typically 6) of test problems by calculation using methods taught in the course.

### Recommended Literature:

Introduction to Electrical Engineering - M.S. Sarma - Oxford University Press

Electric Circuits (5th edition) - Nilsson and Riedel - Addison Wesley

Schaum's Outline of Basic Electrical Engineering - J.J. Cathey - McGraw-Hill Professional Publishing

Foundations of electrical engineering - J. R. Cogdell - Prentice Hall

Introduction to Electric Circuits (4th edition) - Dorf & Svoboda, - John Wiley and Sons

Electric Circuit Analysis - Ken Sander - Addison Wesley

Basic Engineering Circuit Analysis(5th edition) - J David Irvin - Prentice Hall

Electrical and Electronic Technology(8th edition) - E. Hughes - Prentice Hall

Linear Circuit Analysis (2nd Edition) - DeCarlo/Lin - Oxford University Press

Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering - L.S. Bobrow, - Oxford University Press

Electrical and electronics engineering for scientists and engineers - K. A. Krishnamurthy, M.R. Raghuvver - John Wiley and Sons

## **Materials Science and Engineering**

### Lecturer:

Dr.-Ing. Ulrich Krupp

### Learning objectives:

The following objectives of learning should be achieved:

- To enable the student to understand the basic differences of the classes of materials used in engineering
- To enable the student to correlate microstructure and mechanical properties of materials
- To enable the student to select materials and heat treatments for different engineering applications
- To enable the student to select suitable characterization and testing procedures in order to obtain the data needed for the particular engineering application

### Contents:

1. Historic development of materials
2. Materials testing + laboratory course
3. Metallography + laboratory course
4. Atomic structure and microstructure
5. Mechanical properties
6. Multi-phase materials
7. Fundamentals of heat treatment
8. Standardization
9. Steels and cast irons + excursion to a steel plant
10. Aluminium alloys
11. Ceramics
12. Polymers
13. Composites

### Examination:

Written exam of 2 hours at the end of the term

### Recommended Literature:

William D. Callister jun.: Materials Science and Engineering. An Introduction. John Wiley & Sons Inc. 1999

Michael F. Ashby, David R. H. Jones: Engineering Materials 1. Butterworth Heinemann, Oxford 2001

Lecture Notes: <http://www.mb.uni-siegen.de/e/ifw2/indexl.htm>

## **Machine Elements**

### Lecturer:

Dr.-Ing. Martina Zimmermann

### Learning objectives:

This lecture gives a basic overview of the major machine elements in the field of mechanical engineering. Their functions and their interaction in machine systems will be explained, advantages and disadvantages presented. On the basis of the fundamental methods of strength analysis the design and dimensioning of exemplary machine elements is taught. After taking this lecture the student should be able to correctly select machine elements with regard to the required application task and to understand the importance of a comprehensive design analysis in order to achieve a successful solution.

### Contents:

#### 1. Introduction

- design structure of machines and their elements
- energy transmitting devices
- support and bearing elements
- seals
- joining devices

#### 2. Fundamentals of strength analysis

- analysing load situation of parts
  - modes of stress
  - strains
  - stress theories
  - static and dynamic loading
- behaviour of materials at static and dynamic loads
  - stress-strain diagram
  - Wöhler, Smith and Haigh diagram
- stress concentration due to notch effects

#### 3. Axles and shafts

- differences between axles and shafts
- materials and manufacturing
- shaft extensions
- types of connections
- notch effects and strain line courses in shafts
- designing procedure of axles and shafts
- designing procedure of fitting key connections

#### 4. Rolling and slide bearings

- structure of rolling element bearings
- types of rolling element bearings

- examples for rolling bearing arrangements
- designing procedure of rolling bearings
- modes of friction
- comparison between rolling and slide bearings
- hydrodynamic slide bearings
- hydrostatic slide bearings

#### 5. Couplings and Clutches

- functions and application
- classification of couplings and clutches
- types of couplings
- types of clutches
- basic design procedures of couplings and clutches

#### 6. Gear systems

- functions and applications
  - spur gear
  - helical gear
  - bevel gear
  - worm gear
- geometry and nomenclature of gear wheels
- tooth curves
- basic calculation of the gear wheel geometry
- basic design procedures and strength analysis

#### 7. Belt and chain drive systems

- major functions of belt and chain drives
- major advantages and disadvantages of belt drives
- types of belt drives
- classification of belt drive systems
- application examples
- major advantages of chain drives
- major components of a chain drive
- application examples

#### Examination:

- at the end of the course (exam period: spring)
- written examination
- 2 hours (full hours)

#### Recommended Literature:

- Fundamentals of Machine Component Design  
Robert C. Juvinall, Kurt M. Marshek  
John Wiley & Sons; ISBN: 0471244481; 3rd Bk&cdr edition (March 2000)

- Standard Handbook of Machine Design  
Joseph E. Shigley (Editor), Charles R. Mischke (Contributor), Charles R. Mischke  
McGraw-Hill Professional Publishing; ISBN: 0070569584; 2nd edition (June 1, 1996)
  
- Machine Elements in Mechanical Design  
Robert L. Mott  
Prentice Hall; ISBN: 0138414467; 3rd edition (January 15, 1999)
  
- Fundamentals of Machine Elements  
Bernard J. Hamrock  
McGraw-Hill Higher Education; ISBN: 0072289333; Bk&Cd Rom edition  
(December 22, 1998)

# **Automation & Industrial Communication**

## **Part 1 Applications of Manufacturing Automation**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Peter Scharf

### Learning objectives:

It is aim of this lecture to introduce tasks and approaches to solutions for automatic production systems, for its control systems and for communication. The relation between mechatronics and manufacturing is double. Every mechatronical product must be manufactured on the one hand. On the other hand modern production facilities consist predominantly of mechatronical systems.

This **part 1** (Applications of Manufacturing Automation) must be completed with the **part 2** (Control Systems and industrial Communication) in order to complete the entire lecture.

The content of the part 1 is the following:

### Contents:

#### **Part 1.1 Automation in Production Systems**

1. Manufacturing Industries and Products
2. Product / Production Relationships
3. Production Systems Facilities
4. Manufacturing Support Systems
5. Automation in Production Systems
6. Aspects pro and contra Automation

#### **Part 1.2 Numerical Control**

1. Introduction
2. Basic components of an NC-System
3. Development steps of the NC-Technology
4. Applications of numerical control
5. Types of NC-Systems
6. NC-Programming

#### **Part 1.3 Industrial Robotics**

1. Introduction
2. Robot Anatomy and Related Attributes
3. Joint Drive Systems
4. Robot Control Systems
5. End Effectors
6. Sensors in Robotics
7. Robot Programming
8. Industrial Robot Applications

#### **Part 1.4 Automated Assembly Systems**

1. Fundamentals of Assembly Automation

2. Configurations of Assembly Systems
3. Line Balancing
4. Parts Delivery at Workstations
5. Performance of Multi-Station Assembly Systems
6. Transfer Lines with Storage Buffers

Examination:

Written Examination at the end of the winter semester

Recommended Literature:

Groover, Mikell P.:

Automation, Production Systems and Computer-Integrated Manufacturing.  
2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. Prentice Hall, 2001.

Lecture notes are available in the secretary office of Prof. Scharf:

Part 1: Automation in Production Systems

Part 2: Numerical Control

Part 3: Industrial Robotics

Part 4: Automated Assembly Systems

## **Automation & Industrial Communication**

### **Part 2 Control Systems and Industrial Communication**

Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Günter Schröder

Learning objectives:

The student will learn about software and hardware of modern industrial automation systems, especially for PLCs, which are the standard automation devices in the industry. First the principles of runtime and application software are explained. The basic elements of the usual programming languages are presented. Then the interfaces to the process and to the other automation devices will be explained. This covers digital and analog signals, A/D and D/A conversion, absolute and incremental encoders, and field bus systems.

Contents:

1. Introduction to the fundamentals of industrial automation

1.1 Terms

- Differentiation according to the program structure
- Differentiation according to the hierarchical assignment

2. Software of PLCs

2.1 Organisation of the operational Software in PLCs

- Cyclical operation
- Alarm controlled operation
- Time controlled operation
- Language elements of the application software
- Binary operations
- Algebraic operations

2.2 Kinds of representation of the application software

- Statement list (STL)
- Function bloc diagram (FBD)
- Ladder diagram (LAD)

2.3 Sequential control

- Steps
- Transitions
- Actions
- Rules of program flow

3. Interfaces to the process and between automation devices

3.1 Interfaces of modern automation devices

- Interface to the process:  
Bit- /Byte-/Word- oriented I/O Counter inputs Analog I/O: -Isolation amplifiers  
-Conversion of analog values to digital  
-Conversion of digital into analog values

### 3.2 Interfaces to other automation devices

- Serial Point-to-Point-Link (RS232-CTTY)
- Networks: Topologies  
Transmission methods: RS 485  
Selected communication systems: PROFIBUS, Interbus-S

#### Examination:

2 hours of written examination at the end of the winter semester (one hour Part 1 (Prof. Scharf) and one hour Part 2 described above (Prof. Schröder)).

#### Recommended Literature:

Gary Dunning: Introduction to Programmable Logic Controllers, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Delmar Thomson Learning.

The following material is available on the internet:

[www.lea.et-inf.uni-siegen.de/englisch/SKRIPT\\_schroeder\\_eng/Mechatronics-PLCenglish.pdf](http://www.lea.et-inf.uni-siegen.de/englisch/SKRIPT_schroeder_eng/Mechatronics-PLCenglish.pdf)

[www.lea.et-inf.uni-siegen.de/englisch/SKRIPT\\_schroeder\\_eng/Mechatronics-Aut-Comm.pdf](http://www.lea.et-inf.uni-siegen.de/englisch/SKRIPT_schroeder_eng/Mechatronics-Aut-Comm.pdf)

## **Fluid Power**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Thomas Carolus

### Learning objectives:

To provide an understanding of the basic concepts and components in fluid power technology, i.e. in (oil) hydraulics and pneumatics.

### Contents:

1. Introduction (hydrostatic vs. hydrodynamic principle, fluid power drives - the general idea, applications, fluid power systems in competition with other technologies, brief history, economic importance)
2. Basic hydromechanic and thermodynamic concepts (Pascal's law and its application in cylinders, motors, pumps and transmissions, first law of thermodynamics, equation of continuity, pressure loss, choked nozzle)
3. The working fluids (hydraulic oils and fluids, compressed air)
4. Hydraulic components (pumps and motors, actuators, valves, accumulators, ancillary devices)
5. Pneumatic components (air preparation, valves and sensors, cylinders)
6. Circuits
7. Laboratory work

### Examination:

- Midterm exam (written examination 1 hour (full hour))
- Lab report
- Final exam (written examination 2 hours (full hours))

### Recommended Literature:

Th. Carolus: Fluid Power, Lecture Notes University Siegen, 2002  
F. Don Norvelle: Fluid Power Technology, West Publishing Company, 1994

## **Introduction to Computer Science**

### Lecturer:

Dipl.-Ing. Dipl.-Math. Michael Engel

### Learning objectives:

Understanding the Fundamentals of Computer Science using a bottom-up-approach that covers important topics of Computer Science targeted at engineer's requirements

### Contents:

History of Computer Science,  
Binary Arithmetics and Logic  
Computer Architecture  
Operating Systems  
Networking  
Data Structures  
Algorithms  
Programming Paradigms  
Overview of Programming Languages  
Databases  
Graphical User Interfaces  
Computer Graphics  
Embedded and Realtime Systems  
Short Introduction to Theoretical CS

### Examination:

2 hrs., written Exam

### Recommended Literature:

J. Glenn Brookshea: "Computer Science: An Overview"  
Format: Textbook Paperback, 7th ed., 592pp.  
ISBN: 0201781301  
Publisher: Pearson Education  
Pub. Date: July 2002

## **Advanced Control I**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Robert Mayr

### Learning objectives:

The modern control theory is based on methods, where the system representation is performed in the time domain. In the course the students will learn basic strategies for the design of control systems directly in the time domain using the state space description method. Besides, also estimators for non measurable important variables as well as basic issues for the description of nonlinear systems are presented. Comprehensively, the objective is to obtain the ability to design complicate control systems of high order by performing free pole assignment for linear and a certain class of nonlinear systems.

It is expected that the students have a basic knowledge about the classic design of control systems based on the frequency domain

### Contents:

- Description of systems in state space,
- controllability, observability,
- eigenvalues, eigenvectors,
- equivalent system transformation,
- the canonical forms,
- state feedback control,
- observers,
- decoupling of multivariable systems,
- nonlinear systems in state space,
- feedback linearization,
- nonlinear decoupling,
- simulation.

### Examination:

The examination is a written examination taking one hour.

### Recommended Literature:

Gene F. Franklin, J. David Powell, Abbas Emami-Naeini  
Feedback Control of Dynamic Systems,  
Addison-Wesley Pub Co., Nov. 1993, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition  
ISBN: 0201527472

## **Project Management I**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-techn. Gerald Adlbrecht

### Learning objectives:

The Project Management 1 course focuses on the set of modern methods and instruments to plan and control the process of innovation and investment projects.

The objective of this basic course is to prepare students for their future managerial tasks as project team member, project coordinator, or project controller.

Upon completion of the course, students should have the knowledge to prepare the project kick-off, should be able to structure projects, to plan, and control projects in terms of time, cost, and quality throughout all project stages from initialisation to handing over.

### Contents:

The course contains class lectures and group work and starts with theoretical considerations of systems theory and heuristics. After investigating the relevant aspects of project initiation, all major methods and tools of project planning and project control and the assistance of computers in project management is explained.

- Heuristics and Systems' Theory
- Project Structuring, Scheduling and Resource Planning
- Project Control and Monitoring Project Progress
- Computer Basics for Project Work
- Project Management Systems

### Examinations:

There is one written Final Exam at the end of lecture period.

### Literature:

Turner, J.R., Simister, S.: Gower Handbook of Project Management

ISBN 0 566 08138 5, Gower Publishing Ltd., England

Lock, D.: Project Management, Seventh Edition, ISBN 0 566 08225 X, Gower Publishing Ltd., England.

## Electrical Machines and Power Electronics

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. J. Mario Pacas

### Learning objectives:

This course builds the fundamentals for the course "Actorics" and introduces the most important chapters of electrical machines and power electronics. The student get acquainted with the steady state behavior of the most important machines in industrial and mechatronic applications and with the power electronics circuits used in the control of machines and in switched power supplies. After this course the students have the background for the understanding of drives and actuators that include electrical machines and power electronics.

### Contents:

#### Power Electronics

- Overview of power semiconductor switches
- DC-DC converters
- Power supplies
- DC-AC converters
- Line frequency AC-DC converters
- Resonant converters

#### Electrical Machines

- Electrical machines and mechatronics
- DC machines
- Induction machine
- PM-Synchronous machines
- Step motors

Exercises and laboratory sessions are part of this course.

### Examinations:

The examination is closed book. Candidates may, however, bring two sheets of paper for use as crib sheets. Candidates are permitted to use hand-held calculators.

### Literature:

- Mohan, N; Undeland, T; Robbins, W: Power electronics, Converters, Applications and Design, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, Snd Edition 1998
- B.K. Bose: Power electronics and AC Drives, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New jersey
- R. Erickson, D. Maksimovic: Fundamentals of Power Electronics, Kluwer Academic Publishers
- Rashid, Muhammad H.: Power electronics : circuits, devices, and applications, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. : Prentice-Hall

- El-Hawary, M. E.: Principles of electric machines with power electronic applications, Englewood Cliffs, NJ : Prentice Hall
- DeToro, Vincent:Electric machines and power systems, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. : Prentice Hall

## Engineering Design I

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Robert Lohe, Dipl.-Ing. Carsten Preis, Dipl.-Ing. Guido Wann

### Learning objectives:

It is the **aim** of this course to teach the students the basics of Design Methodologies in order to encourage them towards a systematic approach to new industrial design projects.

The **learning outcomes** are to comprehend

- the basic rules in design projects
- the systematic approach to design work
- the advantages and disadvantages of teamwork
- the co-ordination and the moderation of teamwork
- the differences and the common features of different design methodologies
- the Value Analysis work plan

### Contents:

A summary of the **content** is

Terms and definitions

- Functions
- Assignment of functions
- Function structure
- Function carriers
- Function costs
- Value
- Value analysis
- Other design methodologies

The Management of a design project

- Value analysis work plan
- How to prepare a project
- How to analyse and describe the current situation
- How to describe the intended status
- How to apply idea-finding techniques
- How to develop and evaluate solutions and prepare decisions
- How to put the selected solution into practice

### Examinations:

Written Test, 1 hour

### Recommended Literature:

- 1) Lohe, R.: Konstruktionstechnik 1, Vorlesungsbegleittext; Universität Siegen 2001
- 2) Pahl, G., Beitz, W.: Konstruktionslehre
- 3) Roth, K.: Konstruieren mit Konstruktionskatalogen
- 4) Conrad, A., Teufelsdorfer, H.: Kreatives Entwickeln und innovatives Problemlösen mit TRIZ/TIPS

## **Engineering Design II**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Robert Lohe, Dipl.-Ing. Carsten Preis, Dipl.-Ing. Guido Wann

### Learning objectives:

It is the **aim** of this course to teach the students an enhanced understanding of cost and value and their correlation to design in industry.

The **learning outcomes** are to comprehend

- the relationship between costs, design and manufacturing facilities
- the relationship between costs, reliability, risk and quality
- Cost and calculation basics in companies

### Contents:

A summary of the **content** is

- Cost carriers
- Department costs
- Advantageous design examples
- Function costs
- Part series
- Product series
- Part series systems
- Dimensioning theory
- Cost prediction

### Examinations:

Written Test, 1 hour

### Recommended Literature:

- 1) Lohe, R.: Konstruktionstechnik 2, Vorlesungsbegleittext; Universität Siegen 2001
- 2) Pahl, G., Beitz, W.: Konstruktionslehre
- 3) Roth, K.: Konstruieren mit Konstruktionskatalogen

## **Introduction to Programming**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr. Roland Wismüller

### Learning objectives:

The students learn how to write simple computer programs.

### Contents:

The course introduces the basic concepts of computer programming, with emphasis on the requirements of engineering students. The course continues after (and assumes the knowledge from) "Introduction to Computer Science", as given in the term before.

The course deals with sequential, imperative, and object-oriented programming, using the C++ programming language. The lecture is accompanied by a series of programming assignments.

### Examination:

Students do programming assignments throughout the course.

At the end of the term, a written exam tests the more theoretical aspects of the course. Programming assignments and written exam contribute 50% each to the overall grade.

### Recommended Literature:

J. Liberty. Teach Yourself C++ in 10 Minutes. Sams Publishing, 1999, or:

J. Liberty. Teach Yourself C++ in 10 Minutes. Sams Publishing, second Ed., 2002.

## **Advanced Control II**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Hubert Roth

### Learning objectives:

Purposes of the course are to

- get used to the z-transformation and the applications in digital control systems,
- become acquainted with the design of some digital control systems

### Contents:

- digital control systems (z-transformation, z-transfer-functions in the control loop, digital controller design)
- optimization of control systems (static/dynamic optimization, lagrange-method, optimization of the parameters and the structure of the control loop, dynamic programming, optimization principle by Bellmann)

### Examinations:

Written examination with a duration of 1 hour

### Literature:

Gene F. Franklin; J. Davied Powell, Michael L. Workman: "Digital control of dynamic systems".

Isermann, Rolf: "Regel- und Steueralgorithmen für die digitale Regelung mit Prozessrechnern".

Brian D.O. Anderson; John B. Moore: "Optimal control: linear quadratic methods".

Föllinger, Otto: "Optimale Regelung und Steuerung".

Föllinger, Otto: "Lineare Abtastsysteme".

## **Machine Dynamics & System Dynamics**

### Lecturer

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Claus-Peter Fritzen

### Learning objectives:

Prediction and analysis of the evolution of the system's state, especially in machine and structural dynamics with the motion in terms of displacements, velocities and accelerations as well as dynamic internal forces and moments in machines and structures. The student will also get basic understanding of important vibration phenomena (forced, parametric and self-excited vibrations) and should be able to analyse single and multi degree of freedom systems.

### Contents:

Topics covered are: Kinematics of Particles and Rigid Bodies (Rotation Matrices, Euler and Cardan angles, Holonomic and Non-holonomic Constraints), Kinetics of Point Masses and Rigid Bodies (Momentum and Angular Momentum, Newton's and Euler's Law, Work-Energy Principles, Lagrange's Equations of Motion, State Space Representation), Overview on Vibration Phenomena, Vibrations of Linear Systems with a Single Degree of Freedom (Equation of Motion, Free Vibrations, Damping, Forced Vibrations from Harmonic and General Periodic Excitation, Excitation by Impacts, Excitation by Forces with Arbitrary Time Functions), Vibrations of Systems with Multi Degrees of Freedom (Equations of Motion, Free Undamped Vibrations, Eigenvalue Problem, Natural Frequencies, Mode Shapes, Modal Matrix, Orthogonality of Modes, Forced Vibrations), Mechatronic Systems and Smart Structures.

### Examination:

Written Examination (2 hours)

### Recommended Literature:

- Ginsberg, J.H., "Advanced Engineering Dynamics", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Cambridge Univ. Press, 1998
- Moon, F.C., "Applied Dynamics: With Applications to Multibody and Mechatronic Systems", John Wiley & Sons, 1998
- Inman, D.J., "Engineering Vibrations", Prentice Hall, 1994
- Ginsberg, J.H., "Mechanical and Structural Vibrations- Theory and Applications", John Wiley, 2001

## Sensorics

### Lecturer:

Dr.-Ing. habil. Fuad Aliew

### Learning objectives:

This lecture is intended to overview about the basic principles of various sensors, including basic calculation such as piezosensor, strain gage, capacitance sensor, pressure sensor, flow sensor and also provide an overview about main characteristics of sensors for example sensitivity, accuracy, noise (white noise), linearity. The lectures also including the methods for measurement of position/acceleration, pressure/force, flow, temperature and etc.

### Contents:

Introduction to Sensors and Transducers  
 Classification of transducers  
 Transducer descriptions  
 Transducer parameters, definitions and terminology  
 Piezoresistance  
 Piezoelectricity  
 Capacitive sensor  
 Inductive sensor  
 Thermoelectric sensor  
 Accelerometer  
 Pressure sensor  
 Flow sensor  
 Chemical sensor  
 Radiation sensor  
 Pyroelectric Sensors  
 Galvanomagnetic Sensors  
 Ultrasonic Sensors

### Examination:

Written Examination (2 hours)

### Recommended Literature:

1. Shetty, Devdas, Richard A. Kolk: Mechatronics system design , PWS Publ. Co., 1997. - IX, 422 p. ISBN 0-534-95285-2
2. Bolton, William: Mechatronics : electronic control systems in mechanical engineering Addison Wesley Longman Ltd., 1996. - XI, 380 p. ISBN 0-582-25634-8
3. Grattan, Kevin T. V. [Hrsg.]: Sensors : Technology, Systems And Applications / ed. By K. T. V. Grattan Bristol [u.a.] : Hilger, 1991. - XIII, 559 S. : Ill., zahlr. graph. Darst. (The Adam Hilger series on sensors) ISBN 0-7503-0157-0
4. Brindley, Keith: Sensors And Transducers London [u.a.] : Heinemann, 1988. - 153 S. : Ill., graph. Darst. ISBN 0-434-90181-4
5. Sinclair, Ian R.:Sensors And Transducers : A Guide For Technicians Oxford [u.a.] : BSP Professional Books, 1988. - XI, 153 S. : Ill., graph. Darst. ISBN 0-632-02069-5

## **Mechatronic Design in Production Machines**

### Lecturer :

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Armin John

### Learning objectives :

Implementation of mechatronic theory in industrial production machines.

### Contents :

#### **1. Introduction**

- Review of history in the design and construction of production machines
- Definition of Mechatronics in the industry of production machines
- Technical systems in general
- Basic structure of a mechatronic system
- Embedding of mechatronic systems in higher layers of automation
- Different types of production machines
- Typical bloc-diagram of a modern production machine
- Presentation of a “Flat Metal Processing Line” as example

#### **2. Project Management**

##### 2.1 Definition

- Specification
- Standards and directives

##### 2.2 Basic Engineering and Performance calculation

- Process data, performance and production curve
- Accuracy, resolution, tolerance and real-time control constraints

##### 2.3 Interaction between mechanics and electronics: Mechatronics

- Engineering of drives, gear boxes, clutches, couplings and brakes  
(Details of Drives and Power-Electronics see lecture Prof. Pacas)
- Engineering of digital and analogue sensors

##### 2.4 Example: “Flat Metal Processing Line”

- Different versions for different production purposes
- Maximum extension for fully automatic production
- Different types of cross cutting shears

#### **3. Hydraulics, Pneumatics**

(Details see lecture Prof. Carolus)

Basic considerations for hydraulics and pneumatics for the performance

#### **4. Cooling**

- Cooling systems
- Ventilators and blowers
- Air-conditioners

- Engineering and influence on the performance
- Interface to automation
- Example: “Flat Metal Processing Line”

## **5. Communication**

(Details see lecture Prof. Schroeder)

- WAN, LAN, Field-busses
- Horizontal and vertical integration
- Considerations for Engineering
- Example: “Flat Metal Processing Line”

## **6. Cabinets and Wiring**

- Standards and directives
- Engineering
- Power- and signal cable trays
- Grounding and shielding
- Example: “Flat Metal Processing Line”

## **7. Documentation**

- Standards
- Safety aspects
- Language
- Example: “Flat Metal Processing Line”

## **8. Commissioning, startup, customer acceptance**

- Planning for commissioning
- Consideration for availability
- Spare parts
- Maintenance
- After sales service
- Example: “Flat Metal Processing Line”

## **9. Commercial and legal considerations**

- Calculation (pre- and post-)
- Risks
- Sales order confirmation
- Terms and conditions
- Warrantee
- Example: “Flat Metal Processing Line”

Examination: to be agreed.

Recommended Literature: will be published during the lecture.

## **Project Management II**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-techn. Gerald Adlbrecht

### Learning objectives:

The Project Management 2 course focuses on the application of project management in its most extensive field: Machinery and plant engineering and construction.

The objective of this basic course is to examine the management tasks from a contractor's point of view from prequalification to handing over of the plant or machinery to prepare students for their future managerial tasks as project team member, project coordinator, or project manager.

Upon completion of the course, students should have the knowledge about the most important specific processes throughout the project. to prepare bids, organise financial engineering, set up procurement, contract, risk, and claim management.

### Contents:

The course contains class lectures and group work and starts with engineering business and its organisational background. After investigating the relevant aspects of project tendering, all major managerial aspects are dealt with.

- Special issues of engineering and construction business
- Prequalification and tendering
- Makro-organisation, contracting, and subcontracting
- Risk management and financial engineering
- Procurement and logistics
- Introduction to contract law and claim management

### Examinations:

There is one written Final Exam at the end of lecture period.

### Literature:

Turner, J.R.: Commercial Project Manager ISBN 0-07-707946-9, McGraw-Hill, 1995  
Austen, A.D., Neale, R.H.: Managing Construction Projects,  
ISBN 92-2-103553-0 International Labour Office Geneva, 1986.

## Actorics

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. J. Mario Pacas

### Learning objectives:

The course is based on the fundamentals obtained in "Power Electronics and Electrical Machines" and introduces the theory and practical aspects of the most important electrical actuators, mainly electrical drives, used in industrial and mechatronics applications. The students get acquainted with the function and especially with the dynamic behavior of these devices. The torque, speed and position control of electrical drives and the implementation of the control schemes with appropriate electronics is in the main focus of the course.

### Contents:

- ➔ Mechanics
- ➔ Fundamentals of electrical actuators
- ➔ Types of machines and characteristics
- ➔ Main issues in the design of electromechanical systems
- ➔ Current sensors
- ➔ Angular and length sensor
- ➔ Current control
- ➔ Speed control
- ➔ Position control
- ➔ Torque control
  - ➔ DC-Machine
  - ➔ Field orientation
  - ➔ AC-Machines

Exercises and laboratory sessions are part of this course.

### Examinations:

Oral examination

### Literature:

- Mohan, N; Undeland, T; Robbins, W: Power electronics, Converters, Applications and Design, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, Snd Edition 1998
- R. Erickson, D. Maksimovic: Fundamentals of Power Electronics, Kluwer Academic Publishers
- Rashid, Muhammad H.: Power electronics : circuits, devices, and applications, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. : Prentice-Hall
- DeToro, Vincent: Electric machines and power systems, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. : Prentice Hall

## **Modelling and Simulation**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr. Wolfgang Wiechert

### Learning objectives:

In the engineering sciences simulation means the reproduction of a dynamic system on a digital computer. Especially, for mechatronic systems the aim of simulation is to obtain a deeper understanding of the system behaviour, to accelerate the product development cycle, to efficiently develop controllers, and to optimize existing and future systems. Mechatronics is a challenging application field of simulation methods and various simulation tools for multibody systems, electrical circuits, hydraulic components, or control systems are already commercially available. However, the proper use of such tools requires some basic knowledge about mathematical modeling, simulation methodology, numerical algorithms, and statistical data evaluation. To impart these capabilities is the major aim of the simulation courses.

### Contents:

The lectures on „Modeling and Simulation 1+2” which are part of the mechatronics master course are given in two successive half semesters during fall and winter. Each course integrates lectures, demonstrations, written exercises and computer exercises.

„Modeling and Simulation 1“ is concerned with a basic understanding of simulation methods. The general course of a simulation study including problem specification, mathematical modeling, simulator implementation, model validation, problem solution, and presentation of results is discussed with the simple example of a boat swing. Then some typical simulation tools for different scientific disciplines (mechanical multibody systems, electrical circuits, control engineering) are roughly introduced. The next topic is the use of random number generators for the simulation of stochastic influences on dynamic systems. For this purpose some basics from probability theory and statistics are required. Finally, the simulation of discrete event systems is discussed, which is of great importance for automation systems and digital circuits.

„Modeling and Simulation 2“ deals with the simulation of time continuous systems which are described by differential equations or time dependent equation systems. Such systems are encountered in kinematics, multibody systems, continuum mechanics, electrical circuits, hydraulic systems, or continuous control systems. Working with the corresponding simulation tools requires a more detailed understanding of the involved numerical algorithms. The numerical solution of ordinary differential and nonlinear time dependent equation systems is explained with various simple examples. In particular the treatment of stiff and differential algebraic systems is discussed, which are of great importance for mechatronics and modern continuous time simulation tools.

### Summary:

1. Course of a simulation study
2. Typical time continuous simulation tools
3. Basic concepts of stochastic simulation
4. Discrete event simulation
5. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations
6. Treatment of stationary and quasi-stationary systems
7. Stiff and differential algebraic equations

## 8. Application domains of simulation

*Optional* courses on “Modeling and Simulation 3-6” are concerned with special aspects of simulation:

- M&S 3: Multidisciplinary Modeling
- M&S 4: Dynamic Systems Analysis
- M&S 5: Regression and Experimental Design
- M&S 6: Stochastic Simulation

More details can be found in the brochure “Vorlesungsführer Simulationstechnik” available at the secretary of the simulation group (Prof. Wiechert).

### Examination:

Written exam (2 hours) for “Modeling and Simulation 1&2” for mechatronics students.

### Recommended Literature:

The following material is available on the internet. See “Materialien” on [www.simtec.mb.uni-siegen.de](http://www.simtec.mb.uni-siegen.de) :

1. Skriptum of all lectures (in German language)
2. Power point presentations of all lectures (in English language)
3. MATLAB examples presented in the lectures
4. Additional material (exercises, MATLAB introduction etc.)

## **S/W Engineering**

### Lecturer:

Dr.-Ing. Frank Katritzke

### Learning objectives:

To intensify the first programming experience gained in the course Introduction to Programming; to learn basic techniques of how to manage software development projects; to be able to develop documents of the early software development phases, notably data models, control models and design models using the Unified Modelling Language (UML)

### Contents:

- process models (waterfall model)
- object-oriented analysis using UML class diagrams
- object-oriented design
- use cases
- state charts
- petri net models
- software architectures
- configuration management using CVS
- project homework

### Examination:

Students do programming assignments throughout the course. In the second half of the course, they realize a small project in groups of about 6 persons.

### Recommended Literature:

uml\_tutorial.pdf

[http://www.omg.org/technology/documents/modeling\\_spec\\_catalog.htm](http://www.omg.org/technology/documents/modeling_spec_catalog.htm)

## **Mechatronic Systems**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Hubert Roth

### Learning objectives:

Purposes of the course are to

- design and analyse mechatronic systems as a optimal combination of mechanical, electrical and software components.
- demonstrate the advantage of machatronic systems in different application areas.
- get experience with mechatronic systems by performing different laboratory experiments

### Contents:

- Characteristics of mechatronic systems
- Sensor and actuator for mechatronic systems
- Modelling
- Identification
- Control concepts for mechatronics systems
- Typical examples of integrated mechanical – electrical systems

### Examination:

Written examination with a duration of 3 hours.

### Recommended Literature:

R. Isermann: Mechatronische Systeme. Springer Verlag, 1999.  
Schilling: Fundamentals of Robotics, Prentice Hall.  
Craig: Robotics, Addison Wesley.

## **Control Laboratory**

### Lecturer:

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Hubert Roth, Prof. Dr.-Ing. Robert Mayr,  
Dipl.-Ing. Martin Rühl, Dipl.-Ing. Oleg Bauer

### Learning objectives:

Purposes of the laboratory are to

- Realize and understand the control structures given in the lectures
- Install control algorithms to real systems and test closed loop dynamics
- Learn the fundamentals of Matlab for simulation of real systems

### Contents:

The laboratory contains the following experiments:

- Basics of Matlab/Simulink
- Decoupling of control systems
- State space controller in Matlab
- Digital Control of a DC motor
- Dead-Beat controller of a helicopter experiment
- Optimization of control systems in Matlab

### Examination:

Oral test at each experiment

### Recommended Literature:

Laboratory experiment descriptions on the mechatronics WebPages at <http://www.uni-siegen.de/rst>

Guideline for laboratories at Universität Siegen on the mechatronics WebPages at <http://www.uni-siegen.de/rst>

Experiment descriptions on the venture page <http://www.quanser.com>

K.H. Schmidt, Untersuchungen am Regelkreis mit Schrittmotorstellglied, Der Elektroniker, 1973

K.H. Schmidt, GRS Handbuch zum Schrittmotor-Lehrversuch, Firmenschrift der Gesellschaft für Regelungs- und Simulationstechnik GmbH, 1975

J. Schwarzenbach, K.F. Gill, System Modelling and Control, Arnold, 1984

J. Lunze, Regelungstechnik 2, Springer Verlag, 2002

R. Isermann, Digitale Regelsysteme, Springer Verlag, 1987

## **Optional Subjects**

Additional optional courses which are taught in English can be selected from technical and non-technical subjects offered by other faculties of the University.